Scalable Architectures for Distributed Beam-Forming Synthetic Aperture Radar (DBSAR), Phase II

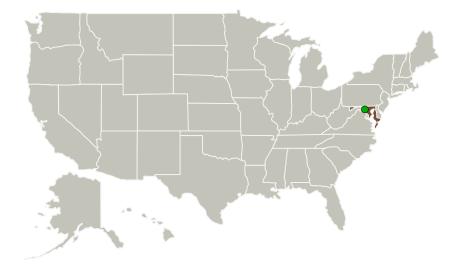


Completed Technology Project (2016 - 2019)

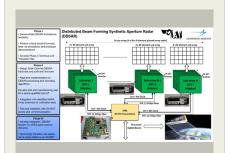
Project Introduction

Conventional SAR operates in the Stripmap mode. Wide unambiguous swath coverage and high azimuth resolution pose contradictory requirements on the design of SAR systems. A promising technique to overcome this limitation is Digital Beam-Forming (DBF) on receive where the receiving antenna is split into multiple sub-apertures. This provides the capability of forming multiple beams via post-processing. DBF techniques applied to SAR systems can increase receiving antenna gain without a reduction of the imaged area and suppress interference signals. A highly capable DBSAR instrument design would consist of wideband Transmitter-Receiver Module (TRM), precise multichannel timing and synchronization and reconfigurable processing engine that can host the SAR processing, calibration and control routines. IAI?s proposed approach is modular, scalable and meets the NASA goals of developing an innovative analog/digital hardware design for the implementation of distributed DBSAR architectures.

Primary U.S. Work Locations and Key Partners



| Organizations Performing Work | Role | Туре | Location |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|
| Intelligent Automation, | Lead | Industry | Rockville, |
| Inc. | Organization | | Maryland |
| Goddard Space Flight Center(GSFC) | Supporting | NASA | Greenbelt, |
| | Organization | Center | Maryland |



Scalable Architectures for Distributed Beam-Forming Synthetic Aperture Radar (DBSAR), Phase II

Table of Contents

| Project Introduction | 1 |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Primary U.S. Work Locations | |
| and Key Partners | 1 |
| Project Transitions | 2 |
| Images | 2 |
| Organizational Responsibility | 2 |
| Project Management | 2 |
| Technology Maturity (TRL) | 3 |
| Technology Areas | 3 |
| Target Destinations | 3 |



Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

Scalable Architectures for Distributed Beam-Forming Synthetic Aperture Radar (DBSAR), Phase II



Completed Technology Project (2016 - 2019)

Primary U.S. Work Locations

Maryland

Project Transitions



May 2016: Project Start

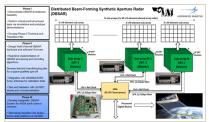


December 2019: Closed out

Closeout Documentation:

• Final Summary Chart(https://techport.nasa.gov/file/139834)

Images



Briefing Chart Image Scalable Architectures for

Distributed Beam-Forming Synthetic Aperture Radar (DBSAR), Phase II (https://techport.nasa.gov/imag e/132726) - Di Sancere FFGA
- FFGA
- FFGA
- SIGN DACS
- Sign PFGA
- Panel
- Spanel FFGA
- Prover Uniden/2 Combiners
- Prover Uniden/

Final Summary Chart Image

Scalable Architectures for Distributed Beam-Forming Synthetic Aperture Radar (DBSAR), Phase II (https://techport.nasa.gov/imag e/131775)

Organizational Responsibility

Responsible Mission Directorate:

Space Technology Mission Directorate (STMD)

Lead Organization:

Intelligent Automation, Inc.

Responsible Program:

Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

Project Management

Program Director:

Jason L Kessler

Program Manager:

Carlos Torrez

Principal Investigator:

Arvind Bhat

Co-Investigator:

Arvind Bhat

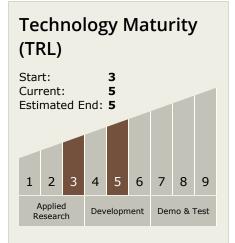


Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

Scalable Architectures for Distributed Beam-Forming Synthetic Aperture Radar (DBSAR), Phase II



Completed Technology Project (2016 - 2019)



Technology Areas

Primary:

- TX08 Sensors and Instruments
 - ☐ TX08.1 Remote Sensing Instruments/Sensors
 - └─ TX08.1.4 Microwave, Millimeter-, and Submillimeter-Waves

Target Destinations

The Sun, Earth, The Moon, Mars, Others Inside the Solar System, Outside the Solar System

